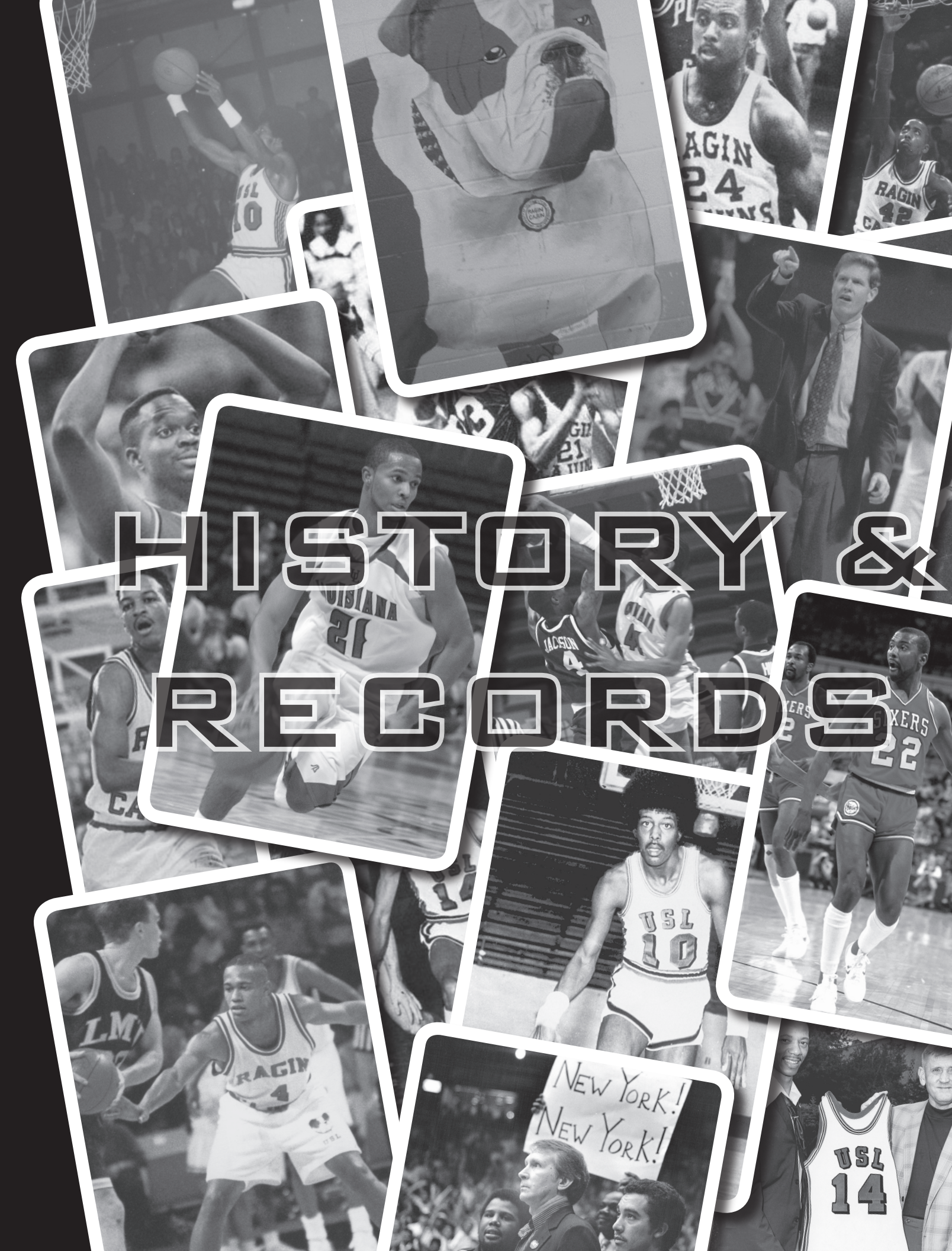


# HISTORY & RECORDS



## The Story Behind the Nickname

Referred to as the **Ragin' Cajuns**, the University of Louisiana at Lafayette has perhaps the most unique and fitting nickname in all of collegiate athletics.

In 1921, the University adopted the nickname and mascot Bulldogs. Beginning in 1963, Louisiana-Lafayette football teams were dubbed the "Raging Cajuns" by then-Sports Information Director Bob Henderson and head football coach Russ Faulkinberry. In addition, the team switched from gold helmets to white helmets with an Acadian flag. At the time, more than 90 percent of Faulkinberry's teams were composed of Louisiana high school players, many with French-speaking Acadian backgrounds.

The nickname stuck, and in 1967 the second 'g' was dropped to make Ragin'. In the early 70s other sports teams began to adopt the Ragin' Cajuns nickname. The University's full switch to Ragin' Cajuns was part of "Operation Turnaround" during the 1974-75 school year.

In fact, the Ragin' Cajuns were voted as the best collegiate team nickname by **Sporting News** in 1998 and by an ESPN SportsNation survey in 2006.

## University History

**1898:** Louisiana lawmakers approved the creation of an "Industrial Institute and academy" in the 13th Senatorial District.

**1900:** Dr. Edwin L. Stephens was named the first president of SLII, the **Southwestern Louisiana Industrial Institute**, which was to be located on the outskirts of Lafayette on 25 acres of donated land. SLII opened its doors on Sept. 18, 1901, with 100 students and eight faculty members.

**1903:** Eighteen students were the first to graduate from SLII.

**1921:** SLII became **Southwestern Louisiana Institute (SLI)** when it was designated as one of the state's institutions of higher learning. The year before, it had began offering a four-year course that culminated with a bachelor's of arts degree.

**1960:** SLI became the **University of Southwestern Louisiana (USL)** when it achieved university status.

**1999:** USL was renamed the **University of Louisiana at Lafayette (UL)**. The new name better reflects its status as the state's second-largest university and an institution with statewide and national - rather than regional - influence.

## Men's and Women's Scoring First

Since the NCAA women's basketball records began in 1982, Louisiana-Lafayette is the only school in NCAA history to have a men's individual scoring champion and women's individual scoring champion.

In 1972, **Dwight Lamar** led the nation in scoring with 36.3 points per game (29 games, 1,054 pts). However, it was not the first time Lamar led the nation in scoring. In 1971, Lamar led the college division in scoring. He is the only player in NCAA history to lead the nation in scoring at both the college and university divisions. In 1990, **Kim Perrot** led the nation in scoring with 30.0 points per game (28 games, 841 pts). For a scoring champion, Perrot made the second-most three-point field goals since women's records began in 1982.

## Highest National Rankings

During that time as a member of the NAI's Gulf States Conference, the then-USL Bulldogs finished in the "Top Ten" of the national rankings for College-Division teams. The Bulldogs were ranked 10th in the 1960-61 poll conducted by the United Press International (UPI) and was, at the time, the highest season-ending rating in program history.

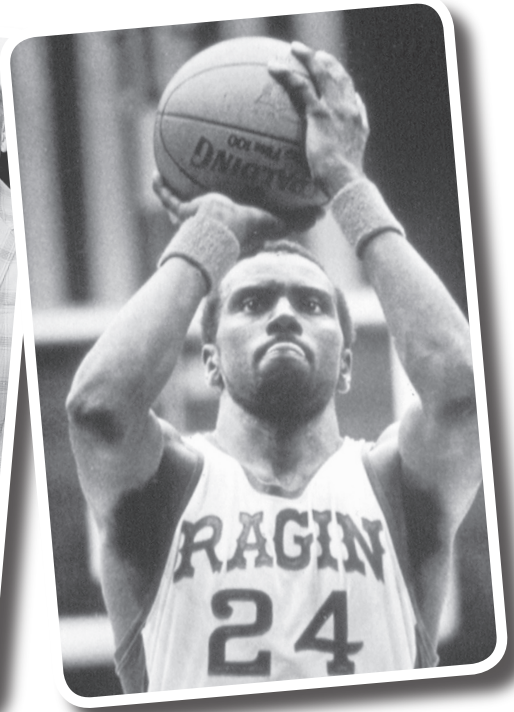
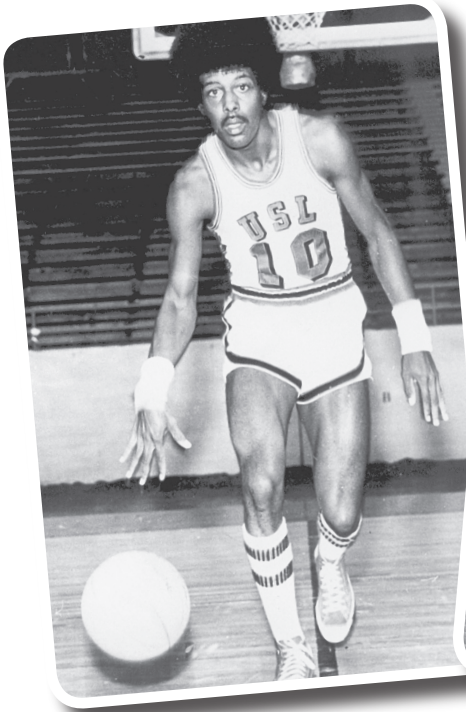
However, that would change under the tutelage of Beryl Shipley in the early 1970s. The Cajuns finished the 1971-72 campaign ranked 8th overall in both the final UPI and Associated Press polls. The following season, the Cajuns made a one-spot jump, finishing 7th nationally in the UPI and AP polls.

## Conference History

Louisiana will compete in its 18th season of Sun Belt Conference basketball during the 2008-09 season. The Cajuns compete with full-time Sun Belt members Arkansas-Little Rock, Arkansas State, Denver, FAU, FIU, Louisiana-Monroe, Middle Tennessee, New Orleans, North Texas, South Alabama, Troy and Western Kentucky.

The Cajuns' conference history in basketball dates back to the Louisiana Intercollegiate Athletic Association (1914-25). UL then joined the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association (1926-41) before moving back to the Louisiana Intercollegiate Conference (1941-47). The Cajuns became a charter member of the new Gulf States Conference in time for the 1947-48 season. UL was also a member of the Southland (1971-73; 1975-82) and American South Conferences (1987-91). UL was an NCAA Independent from 1982-87.





**10 • DWIGHT “BO” LAMAR**  
Guard (1970-73)

**UL’s All-Time Leading Scorer  
Led Nation in Scoring in 1972 (36.3 PPG)  
Ranks Fifth All-Time in NCAA Scoring  
1971-1972-1973 Consensus All-America**

The “star of stars” in the Louisiana-Lafayette basketball annals, **Dwight “Bo” Lamar** is the Cajuns all-time leading scorer and ranks second in NCAA history in scoring.

The 6-foot native of Columbus, Ohio, is the only player in NCAA history to lead both the college and university divisions in scoring. He totaled 3,493 points and averaged 31.2 points per game in his four years, making him the second-leading scorer in Louisiana history behind Pete Maravich.

He was named to every major All-America team his final three years, one year in the college division and two in the university division.

Besides his 33 school individual game, season and career scoring records, his most memorable achievement was his 62-point effort in a game against then-Northeast Louisiana on Feb. 25, 1971 in Blackham Coliseum.

Lamar, a sophomore at the time, had an average first half by Bo standards with 22 points. But he scored 33 in the second half, as he single-handedly brought the Cajuns back from a six-point deficit in the final 35 seconds of regulation.

Long time official Jim Harvey who witnessed the performance first-hand said, “From an officiating standpoint, you don’t pay much attention to who’s doing all the scoring. But I don’t think I’ve ever worked a game like he had. He’s got to be one of the best outside shooter’s I’ve ever seen.”

In his final three years, the Ragin’ Cajuns had a 74-13 record, second only to UCLA as the Cajuns climbed to No. 4 in the country and appeared in two NCAA Tournaments.

**14 • MARVIN WINKLER**  
Guard (1967-70)

**UL’s Third All-Time Leading Scorer  
First Player to have number retired  
1970 Associated Press Little All-America**

The No. 3 all-time leading scorer in Louisiana-Lafayette history behind Dwight “Bo” Lamar and Andrew Toney, **Marvin Winkler** led his teams to a composite record of 75-31 and in his four years the Cajuns either won or tied for the Gulf States Conference title each year.

The 6-foot native of Indianapolis, Ind., played on teams with records of 20-11, 19-5, 20-5, 16-10. Winkler was an all-stater in Indiana and a star at Washington High where he broke Oscar Robertson’s city scoring records.

He played for the Cajuns from 1966-70 when then-USL participated in the college division and scored what was then a school record 2,128 points and offered 580 assists.

He was chosen for the Associated Press Little All-America Team following his senior year when he averaged 25.6 points per game. He was also named to the All-Gulf South Conference team his final three years.

He was also chosen for Basketball News’ All-South Team twice – a team which included university as well as college division players.

Winkler was the first to have his number withdrawn from action.

**24 • ANDREW TONEY**  
Guard (1977-80)

**UL’s Second All-Time Leading Scorer  
Ranks in Top 50 All-Time in NCAA Scoring  
Two-Time Southland Player of the Year  
1980 Associated Press All-America**

Louisiana-Lafayette’s most successful player in the professional ranks, **Andrew Toney** helped make the Philadelphia 76ers a powerhouse in the 1980s, himself being one of the most feared players in the league at the time.

The 6-foot-3, Birmingham, Ala., native played four years in Cajunland and finished second only to Dwight “Bo” Lamar in career scoring.

He scored 2,526 points and averaged 23.6 points per game in his tenure with the Cajuns, scoring 46 points in a game three times. His best scoring season was his last when he averaged 26.1 points per game as he led the Cajuns into the quarterfinals of the NIT.

A consistent shooter, Toney hit 53 percent of his shots from the field in his career and ranked among the team leader in assists, field goals and free throw percentage.

Toney starred for the 76ers from 1980-89. He finished his nine-year NBA career with a 15.9 career scoring average and a shooting percentage of .500 from the field and .797 from the free throw line. His best season came during the 1982-83 campaign when he helped lead the 76ers to a league championship and an NBA playoff record for winning percentage (.923 with a 12-1 playoff record that year).



**1911-12**

Louisiana, then known as Southwestern Louisiana Industrial Institute (SLII), fields its first boys basketball team. After dropping its first contest to Louisiana College, SLII wins its last four games to finish the campaign 4-1.

**1914-15**

The 1914-15 season marks Louisiana's first season of intercollegiate basketball competition. It was SLII's first year as a member of the **Louisiana Intercollegiate Athletic Association (LIAA)**. The Bulldogs finish the season 5-6.

**1915-16 (pictured)**

In its second season of intercollegiate competition, SLII goes 7-6 to post its first winning season in the college ranks.

**1922-23**

The Cajuns post their first 20-win season, finishing with a 21-9 record. However, early records are scarce and UL's exact season competition is not complete at this time.

**1937-38**

Beginning with the 1937-38 season, the NCAA confines basketball records to the "modern era," the first season without the center jump after each goal scored.

**January 16, 1950**

For the first time, the Cajuns need extra periods to defeat an opponent – thus marking UL's first overtime game. UL lost 69-67 in two overtimes at Louisiana Tech.

**February 6, 1950**

UL hosts Louisiana College in the first game played in Blackham Coliseum. LC gave the Cajuns a scare, but UL pulled out a nail-biter, 52-51.

**December 14, 1956**

The Cajuns break the 100-point mark for the first time in program history, as UL eased past Houma Air Station 108-57.

**December 28, 1959**

Louisiana hosts its first Bayou Classic at Blackham Coliseum. The Cajuns defeat Stetson 80-73.

**February 20, 1960**

The Cajuns post their second 20-win season, defeating Spring Hill 80-73.

**1960-61**

The Cajuns finish the season ranked in the top 10 nationally according to the final NAIA poll. UL posts an 18-5 mark during the season.

**1963-64**

Louisiana claims the first Gulf States Conference basketball championship in school history, finishing the season with a 7-3 conference mark.

**1964-65**

On the heels of its first GSC title, the Cajuns tally their third 20-win season (20-10) and win the NAIA District 27 Tournament championship. The Cajuns later participate in their first NAIA National Tournament.

**1965**

**Dean Church** becomes the first player in school history to be selected in the NBA Draft. Church was chosen in the 10th round by the Philadelphia 76ers.

**1965-66**

The Cajuns win the Gulf States Conference crown for the second time in three seasons.

**March 15, 1967**

The Cajuns record the first of three consecutive 20-win seasons as UL defeats Central Michigan for its 20th victory.

**February 27, 1969**

UL travels outside the continental United States for the first time, as the Cajuns play the Hawai'i Warriors twice.

**1970**

**Marvin Winkler**, then the school's all-time leading scorer, becomes the first former UL player to play in the NBA, playing three games for the Milwaukee Bucks.

**1970-71**

Beginning with the 1970-71 season, UL begins its first season of NCAA competition at the College level (ultimately Division II).

**February 25, 1971**

**Dwight "Bo" Lamar** scores a school-record 62 points against Louisiana-Monroe at Blackham Coliseum. He is the first player in school history to score 50 or more points in a game.

**March 11, 1972**

Louisiana defeats Marshall, 112-101, in the first round of the NCAA Midwest Region in Las Cruces, N.M. It marks UL's first NCAA Tournament win in the University Division.

**January 29, 1973**

**Dwight "Bo" Lamar** becomes the first player in school history to score 50 or more points in a game five times after scoring 50 against Houston Baptist.

**1980**

**Andrew Toney** becomes the first former UL player to be drafted in the first round of the NBA Draft. The Philadelphia 76ers pick Toney with the eighth pick overall.

**March 3, 1981**

The Cajuns win their first conference tournament game at the NCAA level, defeating Arkansas State 91-83 in the first round of the Southland Conference Tournament at Blackham Coliseum.

**March 2, 1982**

Louisiana-Lafayette wins its first conference tournament championship, claiming an 81-75 win over Texas-Arlington at Blackham Coliseum.

**March 22, 1984**

The Ragin' Cajuns advance to the Final Four of the National Invitation Tournament, following a 97-76 win over Santa Clara. UL would lose to Notre Dame, 65-59, in the semifinals of the NIT at Madison Square Garden.

**November 22, 1985**

The Cajuns open the brand-new CAJUNDOME with their season opener against Georgia. However, the Bulldogs spoiled the facility's opener, defeating UL 78-75.

**December 2, 1985**

Third time's a charm - In their third game played at the new CAJUNDOME, Louisiana-Lafayette defeats Missouri-St. Louis 77-60 for its first win at its new home.

**1991**

With the 18th pick in the first round of the 1991 NBA Draft, the Milwaukee Bucks select UL's **Kevin Brooks**. Brooks becomes the second player in school history to be drafted in the first round of the NBA Draft.

**March 8, 1992**

After claiming the Sun Belt Conference regular season championship, **Marty Fletcher's** Ragin' Cajuns win the Sun Belt Tournament title, defeating Louisiana Tech 75-71 at the Mississippi Coast Coliseum in Biloxi.

**March 8, 1994**

Two years to the day of winning its first SBC Tournament crown, the Cajuns claim their second tournament title in three years, knocking off Western Kentucky 78-72 on the Hilltoppers' home court in Bowling Green.

**March 7, 2000**

Louisiana hoists its third Sun Belt Conference tournament trophy, squeaking past South Alabama 51-50 in Little Rock, Ark.

**2001-02**

The Cajuns clinch the first of two straight Sun Belt West Division crowns after posting a 20-11 overall mark and an 11-4 record against conference competition.

**2002-03**

Louisiana-Lafayette finishes the season with its second straight 20-win season, clinching its second consecutive Sun Belt West Division title.

**November 19, 2004**

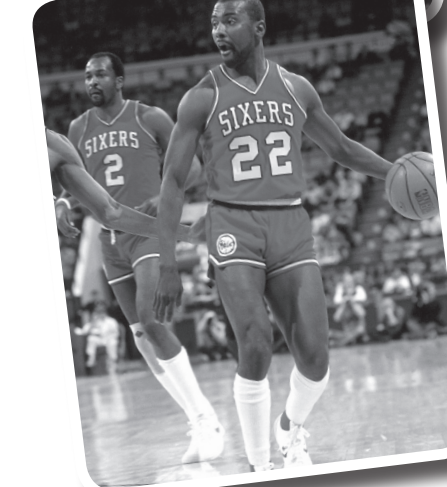
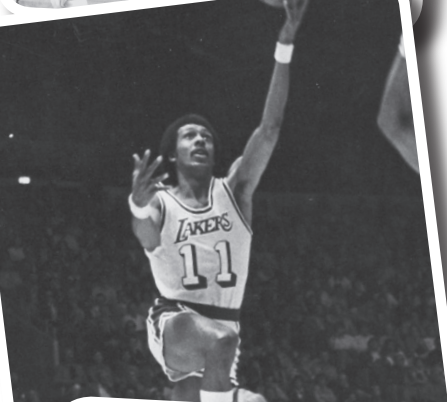
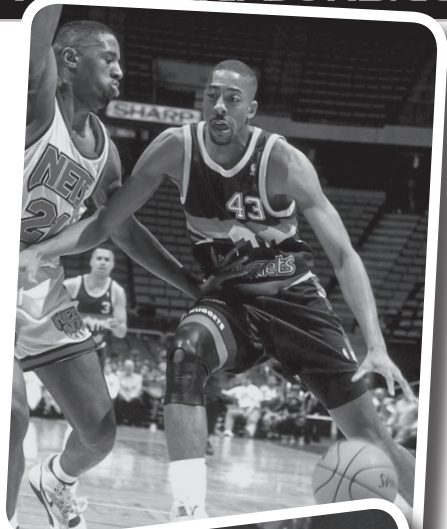
Louisiana's **Robert Lee** debuts as the 11th head coach in program history. Lee's Cajuns defeat Louisiana Tech 84-63 in Baton Rouge.

**2007-08**

Louisiana held opponents to a 65.8 point-per-game average - the lowest in the program's Division I history

**March 1, 2008**

Louisiana defeats Denver 58-51 to lock up a share of the Sun Belt West Division crown. It's the first division championship under head coach Robert Lee and first for the program since 2002-03.



## UL's NBA Draft Picks

Year	Player	Team	Rd. (Pk)	Year	Player	Team	Rd. (Pk)
1965	Dean Church	Philadelphia	10 (75)	1981	Kevin Figaro	Atlanta	4 (75)
1970	Marvin Winkler	Milwaukee	3 (50)	1982	Alford Turner	Denver	4 (84)
1972	Will Loftin	Baltimore	10 (150)	1983	Dan Gay	Washington	4 (80)
1973	Dwight Lamar	Detroit	3 (44)	1984	Alonza Allen	L.A. Clippers	5 (98)
1973	Jerry Bisbano	Phoenix	7 (111)	1984	Dion Brown	San Antonio	6 (124)
1974	Roy Ebron	New York	4 (68)	1984	Graylin Warner	Seattle	6 (129)
1974	Fred Saunders	Phoenix	2 (31)	1985	George Almones	New Jersey	6 (130)
1975	Larry Fogle	New York	2 (34)	1991	Kevin Brooks	Milwaukee	1 (18)
1977	Calvin Crews	Atlanta	6 (114)	2005	VACATED	Boston	2 (53)
1980	Andrew Toney	Philadelphia	1 (8)				

## UL Players in the NBA

### Kevin Brooks, Forward

Hometown: White Castle, La.

Played at UL: 1988-91

### Denver (1992-94)

Season	Team	G-GS	FGM	FGA	3PM	3PA	FT	FTA	Reb	Ast	Stl	Blk	Pts	PPG
1991-92	DEN	37-0	43	97	2	11	17	21	39	11	8	2	105	2.8
1992-93	DEN	55-2	93	233	6	26	35	40	81	34	10	2	227	4.1
1993-94	DEN	34-0	36	99	4	23	9	10	21	3	0	2	85	2.5
<b>Totals</b>		<b>126-2</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>429</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>3.3</b>

### Larry Fogle, Guard

Hometown: Detroit, Mich.

Played at UL: 1972-73

### New York Knicks (1975-76)

Season	Team	G-GS	FGM	FGA	3PM	3PA	FT	FTA	Reb	Ast	Stl	Blk	Pts	PPG
1975-76	NYK	2-0	1	5	-	-	0	0	3	0	1	0	2	1.0
<b>Totals</b>		<b>2-0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1.0</b>

### Dwight "Bo" Lamar, Guard

Hometown: Columbus, Ohio

Played at UL: 1970-73

### L.A. Lakers (1976-77)

Season	Team	G	FGM	FGA	3PM	3PA	FT	FTA	Reb	Ast	Stl	Blk	Pts	PPG
<b>American Basketball Association (1973-76)</b>														
1973-74	SD	84	686	1726	69	247	272	350	292	288	129	13	1713	20.4
1974-75	SD	77	667	1571	25	109	247	315	239	427	129	12	1606	20.9
1975-76	SD	6	48	113	3	8	11	14	18	36	6	1	110	18.3
	IND	35	229	555	21	78	68	92	98	135	36	1	547	15.6
<b>National Basketball Association (1976-77)</b>														
1976-77	LAL	71	228	561	-	-	46	68	92	177	59	3	502	7.1
<b>ABA Totals</b>		<b>202</b>	<b>1630</b>	<b>3965</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>442</b>	<b>598</b>	<b>771</b>	<b>647</b>	<b>886</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>3976</b>	<b>19.7</b>
<b>NBA Totals</b>		<b>71</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>561</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>7.1</b>

### Fred Saunders, Guard

Hometown: Columbus, Ohio

Played at UL: 1972-73

### Phoenix (1974-76), Boston (1976-78), New Orleans Jazz (1978)

Season	Team	G	FGM	FGA	3PM	3PA	FT	FTA	Reb	Ast	Stl	Blk	Pts	PPG
1974-75	PHX	69	176	406	-	-	66	95	253	80	41	15	418	6.1
1975-76	PHX	17	28	64	-	-	6	11	37	13	5	1	62	3.6
1976-77	BOS	68	184	395	-	-	35	53	223	85	26	7	403	5.9
1977-78	BOS	26	30	91	-	-	14	17	37	11	7	4	74	2.8
	NOJ	30	69	143	-	-	12	19	74	35	14	10	150	5.0
<b>NBA Totals</b>		<b>210</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>1099</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>1107</b>	<b>5.3</b>

### Andrew Toney, Guard

Hometown: Birmingham, Ala.

Played at UL: 1977-80

### Philadelphia (1980-88)

NBA All-Star: 1983, 1984

Season	Team	G-GS	FGM	FGA	3PM	3PA	FT	FTA	Reb	Ast	Stl	Blk	Pts	PPG
1980-81	PHI	75	399	806	9	29	161	226	143	273	59	10	968	12.9
1981-82	PHI	77-1	511	979	25	59	227	306	134	283	64	17	1274	16.5
1982-83	PHI	81-81	626	1250	22	76	324	411	225	365	80	17	1598	19.7
1983-84	PHI	78-72	593	1125	12	38	390	465	193	373	70	23	1588	20.4
1984-85	PHI	70-65	450	914	39	105	306	355	177	363	65	24	1245	17.8
1985-86	PHI	6-0	11	36	0	2	3	8	5	12	2	0	25	4.2
1986-87	PHI	52-12	197	437	22	67	133	167	85	188	18	8	549	10.6
1987-88	PHI	29-15	72	171	9	27	58	72	47	108	11	6	211	7.3
<b>NBA Totals</b>		<b>468-246</b>	<b>2859</b>	<b>5718</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>1602</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>1009</b>	<b>1965</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>7458</b>	<b>15.9</b>

### Marvin Winkler, Guard

Hometown: Indianapolis, Ind.

Played at UL: 1967-70

### Milwaukee (1970-71)

Season	Team	G	FGM	FGA	3PM	3PA	FT	FTA	Reb	Ast	Stl	Blk	Pts	PPG
<b>National Basketball Association (1970-71)</b>														
1970-71	MIL	3	3	10	-	-	2	2	4	2	0	0	8	2.7
<b>American Basketball Association (1971-72)</b>														
1971-72	IND	20	15	34	2	4	8	14	16	12	-	-	40	2.0
<b>NBA Totals</b>		<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2.7</b>
<b>ABA Totals</b>		<b>20</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>2.0</b>